## Present:

Mr. Justice A.K.M. Asaduzzaman

And

Mr. Justice Syed Enayet Hossain

Criminal Misc. Case No. 20337 of 2017

Begum Khaleda Zia

.....Petitioner.

## -Versus-

## The State

.....Opposite party.

Mr. Jamir Uddin Sircar, Senior Advocate with

Mr. Zainul Abedin, Senior Advocate with

Mr. A.M. Mahbub Uddin, Senior Advocate with

Mr. Md. Ruhul Quddus, Senior Advocate with

Mr. Kayser Kamal, Advocate with

Mr. Gazi Kamrul Islam, Advocate with

Mr. S.K. Mohammad Ali, Advocate with

Mr. Md. Zakir Hossain Bhuiyan, Advocate with

Mr. Kazi Akhtar Hossain, Advocate with

Mr.Ragib Rouf Chowdhury, Advocate with

Mr. A.R. Raihan, Advocate, with

Mr. Gazi Towhidul Islam, Advocate with

Mr. Md. Moniruzzaman Asad, Advocate with

Mr. Md. Farhad Hossain, Advocate with

Mr. Sabbir Hamza Chowdhury, Advocate with

Mr. Ariful Alam, Advocate with

Mr. Syful Aziz, Advocate with

Mr. Khandaker Maruf Hossain, Advocate with

Mr. Md. Aktar Rasul, Advocate with

Mr. Md. Masum Billah, Advocate with

Mr. Md. Roqonuzzaman, Advocate with

Mr. Md. Jashim Uddin, Advocate with

Mr. Md. Mosaddek Billah, Advocate with

Mr. Shahriar Mahamud, Advocate with

Mr. G.M. Nazrul Islam, Advocate with

Mr. Rezaul Karim, Advocate, with

Mr. Mustafizur Rahman, Advocate with

Mr. Muhammad Nazmul Hassan, Advocate with

Mr. Mahamudullah, Advocate with

Mr. Mir Abdul Halim, Advocate with

Mr. Md. Jabed Hossain, Advocate with

Mr. Md. Shahiduzzaman, Advocate with

Mr. Md. Mahmudul Arefin, Advocate with

Mr. Maksud Ullah, Advocate with

Mr. K.R. Khan Pathan, Advocate with

Mr. H.M. Shanjid Siddique, Advocate with

Mr. Khan Md. Moinul Hasan, Advocate with

Ms. Tamanna Khanam Irin, Advocate and

Mr. M. Sabbir Ahmed, Advocate and

Mr. Manabendrey Roy Madol, Advocate and

Mr. Tariqul Islam, Advocate and

Mr. M. Mahbubur Rahman Khan, Advocate and

Mr. Md. Ajmol Hossain, Advocate and

Mrs. Shahjadi Kohinur, Advocate and

Mrs. Minara Khatun, Advocate and

Mrs. Jakia Anar Koli, Advocate and

Mrs. Anjumananara Munni, Advocate

......For the petitioner.

Mr. Md. Jasim Sarker, D.A.G. with

Mr. Rasel Ahmmad, D.A.G. with

Mr. Md. Geas Uddin Gazi, A.A.G. with

Mrs. Shamima Akhter Banu, A.A.G. and

Mrs. Laboni Akter, A.A.G. and

Mr. Kazi Mohammad Moniruzzaman, A.A.G.

.. ... For the state.

Heard and judgment on 30<sup>th</sup> October, 2024.

## A.K.M. Asaduzzaman,J.

Challenging the proceeding in Metropolitan Sessions
Case No. 2181 of 2017 corresponding to G.R. Case No. 58 of
2015 arising out of Jatrabari P.S. Case No. 58 dated
24.01.2015 under section 143/326/307/353/435/427/109/34 of
the Penal Code and added section 302 of the Penal Code,
pending before the Court of Metropolitan Sessions Judge,
Dhaka, this rule was obtained to quash the proceeding.

Fact relevant for disposal of this rule are that one K.M. Nuruzzaman, sub-inspector, Jatrabari Police Station, D.M.P., Dhaka lodged an FIR, which gave rise to Jatrabari P.S. Case No. 58 24.01.2015 dated under section 143/326/307/353/435/427/109/34 of the Penal Code and added section 302 of the Penal Code with the contention that on 23.01.2015 at about 11.00 p.m. while the informant was in his duty came to know that a bus had been torched with fire, which was parked in the road of the eastern side of the Matuwail Council, Demra Road. As the informant along with other police personnel went to the place of occurrence and found the said bus to be burning on fire. The miscreants having seen the police hurled coctail at them. Subsequently, with the aid of the local inhabitants, he was able to extinguish the fire. The passengers in the bus who were burnt had been taken to the Dhaka Medical College Hospital. Having inquired the people present at the place of occurrence, he came to know about the involvement of the accuses with the torching of the bus.

The case was sent for investigation, police after investigation submitted charge sheet being No. 177 dated 30.04.2015 under section 143/326/307/353/435/427/109/34 of the Penal Code and added section 302 of the Penal Code implicating 47 accused persons including the petitioner, who was not been forwarded through the FIR earlier.

The petitioner voluntarily surrendered before the Court on 05.04.2016 and got bail.

Thereafter the Metropolitan Magistrate, Dhaka took cognizance against the petitioner under section 143/326/307/353/435/427/109/34 of the Penal Code and added section 302 of the Penal Code.

The case thereafter transmitted to the Court of Metropolitan Sessions Judge, Dhaka for trial and registered as Metropolitan Sessions Case No. 2181 of 2017.

The petitioner then moved before this court under section 561A of the Code of Criminal Proceeding and obtained the instant rule.

Mr. A.M. Mahbub Uddin, the learned Advocate appearing for the petitioner drawing our attention to the decision in the case of Abdul Quader Chowdhury and others Vs. The State reported in 28 DLR (AD) 38 submits that the ratio as has been forwarded therein has got reliance in the instant case and proceeding, which is initiated against the petitioner by putting her into the charge sheet, which was made mechanically having no specific allegation against her, is an abuse of the process of the court and can be quashed.

Mr. Md. Jasim Sarker, the learned Deputy Attorney General on the other hand although opposes the rule but considering the legal aspect of the case find it difficult to oppose the submission as been made by the learned advocate appearing for the petitioner.

Heard the learned Advocate and perused the documents annexed to the application and the judgment cited by the learned advocate.

It appears from the FIR that petitioner was neither been named in the column of the FIR nor any allegation has been attributed in the body of the FIR subsequently although

police submitted charge sheet mentioning 47 accused persons including the petitioner but on perusal of the charge sheet it will also appear that there is no legal evidence against the petitioner as been mentioned in the body of the charge sheet, which insist the Investigating Officer to make the petitioner as an accused in the case. In fact a mini bus was torched and getting the news, informant rushed to the spot and found bus has been burned away and been dumped in a place. Which was been torched by unknown person even then the informant mentioned some of the accused persons in the FIR having no specific allegation either about their presence or participation of the said occurrence. Moreover in the charge sheet, the investigating officer did not mention therein that he got any information about the presence and participation of the present petitioner from any witness in the so-called incidence. In that view of the matter the charge sheet appears to be made mechanically just to harass and humiliate the petitioner with an ulterior motive as well as the colourful exercise of power. There are number of decision of our Apex court that in the same scenario the charge sheet as well as the proceeding, initiated against any accused person on colourful exercise of power having ulterior motive cannot proceed and is liable to be quashed. In the decision referred to here by the learned Advocate also get reliance on this point.

Regard being had to the above law, fact and circumstances of this case, we are of the opinion that the impugned criminal proceedings as has been initiated and continuing against the petitioner is nothing but an abuse of the process of the court, which is liable to be quashed.

In all view of the matter, we find substances in the submission of the learned advocate for the petitioner.

In the result, the Rule is made absolute. The impugned criminal proceedings of Metropolitan Sessions Case No. 2181 of 2017 corresponding to G.R. Case No. 58 of 2015 arising out of Jatrabari P.S. Case No. 58 dated 24.01.2015 is hereby quashed.

The order of stay granted earlier is hereby recalled and vacated.

Communicate the judgment at once.

Syed Enayet Hossain, J:

I agree.