

Present:

Mr. Justice A.K.M. Asaduzzaman

And

Mr. Justice Syed Enayet Hossain

Criminal Misc. Case No. 15498 of 2017

Begum Khaleda Zia

.....Petitioner.

-Versus-

The State

.....Opposite party.

Mr. Jamir Uddin Sircar, Senior Advocate with  
Mr. Zainul Abedin, Senior Advocate with  
Mr. A.M. Mahbub Uddin, Senior Advocate with  
Mr. Md. Ruhul Quddus, Senior Advocate with  
Mr. Kayser Kamal, Advocate with  
Mr. Gazi Kamrul Islam, Advocate with  
Mr. S.K. Mohammad Ali, Advocate with  
Mr. Md. Zakir Hossain Bhuiyan, Advocate with  
Mr. Kazi Akhtar Hossain, Advocate with  
Mr. Ragib Rouf Chowdhury, Advocate with  
Mr. A.R. Raihan, Advocate, with  
Mr. Gazi Towhidul Islam, Advocate with  
Mr. Md. Moniruzzaman Asad, Advocate with  
Mr. Md. Farhad Hossain, Advocate with  
Mr. Sabbir Hamza Chowdhury, Advocate with  
Mr. Ariful Alam, Advocate with

Mr. Syful Aziz, Advocate with  
Mr. Khandaker Maruf Hossain, Advocate with  
Mr. Md. Aktar Rasul, Advocate with  
Mr. Md. Masum Billah, Advocate with  
Mr. Md. Roqonuzzaman, Advocate with  
Mr. Md. Jashim Uddin, Advocate with  
Mr. Md. Mosaddek Billah, Advocate with  
Mr. Shahriar Mahamud, Advocate with  
Mr. G.M. Nazrul Islam, Advocate with  
Mr. Rezaul Karim, Advocate with  
Mr. Mustafizur Rahman, Advocate with  
Mr. Muhammad Nazmul Hassan, Advocate with  
Mr. Mahamudullah, Advocate with  
Mr. Mir Abdul Halim, Advocate with  
Mr. Md. Javed Hossain, Advocate with  
Mr. Md. Shahiduzzaman, Advocate with  
Mr. Md. Mahmudul Arefin, Advocate with  
Mr. Maksud Ullah, Advocate with  
Mr. K.R. Khan Pathan, Advocate with  
Mr. H.M. Shanjid Siddique, Advocate with  
Mr. Khan Md. Moinul Hasan, Advocate with  
Ms. Tamanna Khanam Irin, Advocate and  
Mr. M. Sabbir Ahmed, Advocate and  
Mr. Manabendrey Roy Madol, Advocate and  
Mr. Tariqul Islam, Advocate and  
Mr. M. Mahbubur Rahman Khan, Advocate and

Mr. Md. Ajmol Hossain, Advocate and  
 Mrs. Shahjadi Kohinur, Advocate and  
 Mrs. Minara Khatun, Advocate and  
 Mrs. Jakia Anar Koli, Advocate and  
 Mrs. Anjumananara Munni, Advocate

.....For the petitioner.

Mr. Md. Jasim Sarker, D.A.G. with  
 Mr. Rasel Ahmmad, D.A.G. with  
 Mr. Md. Geas Uddin Gazi, A.A.G. with  
 Mrs. Shamima Akhter Banu, A.A.G. and  
 Mrs. Laboni Akter, A.A.G. and  
 Mr. Kazi Mohammad Moniruzzaman, A.A.G.

.. ... For the state.

Heard and judgment on 30<sup>th</sup> October, 2024.

A.K.M. Asaduzzaman,J.

By the order No.4 dated 10.08.2016 the Metro Special Tribunal No.1, Dhaka in Metro Special Tribunal Case No. 350 of 2016 arising out of Darus Salam P.S. Case No. 03 dated 01.03.2015, took cognizance upon accepting the FIR filed under section 15(3)/25D of the Special Powers Act, 1974 on rejecting the application under section 265(C) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, filed by the petitioner, which is challenged in the Rule.

Fact relevant for disposal of this rule are that one Moshiur Rahman, Sub-inspector of the Darus Salam Police Station, D.M.P. Dhaka lodged an FIR on 01.03.2015 under section 15(3) of the Special Powers Act, 1974 alleging, inter alia, that on 01.03.2015 at about 7.10 P.M. while the informant was in his duty, came to know that a bus had been torched with fire by the 20<sup>th</sup> alliance supporters. As the informant along with other police personnel went to the place of occurrence and found the said bus to be burning in fire. Subsequently with the aid of the local inhabitants, he was able to extinguish the fire. Having inquired the people present in the place of occurrence, he came to know about the involvement of the accuseds with the torching of the bus.

The case was investigated by the police, who submitted charge sheet being Charge Sheet No. 242 dated 14.05.2016 under section 15(3)/25D of the Special Powers Act implicating 28 accuseds persons including the present petitioner.

The case thereafter transmitted to the Court of Special Tribunal, Dhaka for trial and renumbered as Metropolitan Special Tribunal Case No. 350 of 2016.

The petitioner thereafter voluntarily surrendered before the Court of Special Tribunal No.1, Dhaka and obtained bail.

On 10.08.2016 the petitioner filed an application under section 265(C) of the Code of Criminal Procedure for not taking cognizance against her as well as for discharging her from the impugned criminal proceedings. The Tribunal rejected the said application by the impugned order.

The petitioner then moved before this court under section 561A of the Code of Criminal Proceeding and obtained the instant rule.

Mr. A.M. Mahbub Uddin, the learned Advocate appearing for the petitioner drawing our attention to the provision as laid down under section 15 of the Special Powers Act submits that since the instant criminal case was not been initiated for violating any provision or any clause as laid down under section 15(1) of

the Special Powers Act there is no scope to award any conviction to any accused persons even to the petitioner under section 15(3)/25D of the Special Powers Act. Moreover upon going through the FIR it will appear that even on plain reading it is apparent on the story of torching a private bus did not disclose any offence as against the petitioner for which she can be punished by any of the law. In that view of the matter the impugned criminal proceedings is nothing but an abuse of the process of the court, which is liable to be quashed.

Mr. Md. Jasim Sarker, the learned Deputy Attorney General on the other hand although opposes the rule but considering the legal aspect of the case find it difficult to oppose the submission as been made by the learned advocate appearing for the petitioner.

Heard the learned Advocate and perused the documents annexed to the application and the relevant provision of law.

It appears from the FIR that for torching a private minibus as been shown to be torched on fire and the allegation was made showing a number of the accused persons and having no specific allegation of their presence or participation in the alleged

occurrence case was initiated by Sub-inspector under section 15(3) of the Special Powers Act.

When it is crystal clear from the FIR that no offence has been shown to have been done by any accused rather admittedly a bus is found to be torched on fire by unknown accused, no offence is disclosed to commit under any of the provision of law and the police submitted a perfunctory charge sheet mechanically for which a person cannot be made accused of any offence as such impugned criminal proceeding is nothing but an abuse of the process of the court.

Moreover upon going through the FIR we find if the allegation as has been made therein to have torched a bus having no mentioning the presence and participation of any accused made in the column of the FIR does not constitute any offence specifically as against any of the accused persons, even not under Penal Law.

Regard being had to the above law, fact and circumstances of this case, we are of the opinion that the impugned criminal proceedings as well as taking cognizance against the petitioner

apparent is illegal as well as abuse of the process of the court, which is liable to be quashed.

In all view of the matter, we find substances in the submission of the learned advocate for the petitioner.

In the result, the Rule is made absolute. The impugned criminal proceedings of Metro Special Tribunal Case No. 350 of 2016 is hereby quashed.

The order of stay granted earlier is hereby recalled and vacated.

Communicate the judgment at once.

Syed Enayet Hossain, J:

I agree.